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Authors: José Ignacio Herrero, Carlos Panizo

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Post-transplant lymphoproliferative disease after liver transplantation

Jose Ignacio Herrero^{1,2,3} and Carlos Panizo^{2,4}

¹Liver Unit. Clínica Universidad de Navarra. Pamplona, Spain. ²Instituto de Investigación Sanitaria de Navarra (IdiSNA). Pamplona, Spain. ³Centro de Investigación Biomédica en Red de Enfermedades Hepáticas y Digestivas (CIBERehd). Madrid, Spain. ⁴Hematology Department. Clínica Universidad de Navarra. Pamplona, Spain

ORCID

JIH: 0000-0002-9076-6717

Correspondence: Jose Ignacio Herrero e-mail: iherrero@unav.es

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Dear Editor,

We have read the article "*Post-transplant lymphoproliferative disease in liver transplant recipients*" with great interest. This article reports a series of liver transplant recipients with post-transplant lymphoproliferative disease (PTLD). The effect on patient survival and the potential benefit of rituximab-based therapy are highlighted (1). Rituximab is a chimeric antibody against the CD20 surface marker. This marker is found in most PTLD of a B cell origin (2). A recent study from our center also highlighted the role of rituximab in PTLD therapy (3). The overall response rate of patients treated with rituximab was 66% in both series (1,3). In our series, this included heart, kidney and liver transplant recipients. Rituximab-based therapy was also associated with an increased overall survival. Rituximab should be considered as part of the first-line therapy in patients with PTLD when CD20 expression is present.

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